Luzerne County Council of Teachers of Mathematics Wilkes University - 2010 Junior Examination (Section I)

NAME:	Address:
SCHOOL:	City/ZIP:
	Talanhana

**Directions:** For each problem, write your answer in the space provided. Do not use approximations. Simplify all fractions and radicals. Your answer must be complete to receive credit for a problem.

1) Express  $\frac{(0.01)^3}{(0.5)^2}$  as a fraction in lowest terms.

- 2) The average of three numbers is 21. If two of the numbers are 4 and 18, what is the third number?

3) Reduce  $\frac{x^3 + 27}{x^2 - 2x - 15} \cdot \frac{2x - 10}{x^2 - 3x + 9}$  to lowest terms.

- 4) If the perimeter of a square is  $\frac{1}{3}$  the area of the same square, then what is the length of the side of the square?

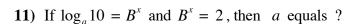
5) Find the vertex of the parabola  $y = 2x^2 + 6x + 3$ .

- **6)** The sum of the real solutions to  $x^2 2 |x| 15 = 0$  is equal to: (c) 2 (a) 0

7) Find all real solutions to  $\ln(x+1) - \ln x - 5 = 0$ .

- 8) Matt, Valerie, and Roy have a total of \$5.50 in nickels. Matt has 3 times as many nickels as Valerie and 2 times as many nickels as Roy. How many nickels does Roy have?
- 30
- 9) The number of zeros of  $f(x) = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^x \sin x$  on the interval

- $[0, 2\pi]$  is **(a)** 1
- **(b)** 2 **(c)** 3
- (d) 4
- 10) If |x + 2| + |x + 1| > k for all real numbers x, then what is the range of values for k?
- **10**)\_\_\_\_\_\_ *k* < 1\_\_\_\_



- 11)\_ $a = \sqrt{10}$
- 12) Suppose  $f(x) = x^2 + bx + c$  has exactly one real x-intercept and this x-intercept is also the x-intercept of the line y = 3x + 4, what is the value of b?
- 13) There is a square  $\square ABCD$ . M and N are midpoints of  $\overline{BC}$  and  $\overline{CD}$ , respectively. A point is selected at random inside the square. What is the probability that this point lies within  $\triangle MCN$ ?
- 13)\_
- **14)** If  $f(x) = 4x^2 kx 8$  is a monotone function on [5, 8], then what is the range of k?
- **14)**  $k \le 40 \text{ or } k \ge 64$
- **15**) Suppose  $f(x) = 1 \sqrt{x 1}$ , where  $x \ge 1$ , then  $f^{-1}(x)$  is

- (a)  $(x-1)^2 + 1, x \in \mathbb{R}$  (b)  $(x-1)^2 1, x \in \mathbb{R}$
- (c)  $(x-1)^2 + 1, x \le 1$  (d)  $(x-1)^2 1, x \le 1$
- **16)** What is the largest perfect square divisor of 8,432?

- 16
- 17) If a complex number z satisfies |z + i| + |z i| = 2, then the smallest value attained by |z + i| + 1 is:

- (a) 2
- **(b)** 1
- (c)  $\sqrt{5}$
- **(d)** 3
- **18)** What is the value of  $\frac{\cos\theta + \sin\theta}{\cos\theta \sin\theta}$  if  $\tan\theta = \sqrt{2}$ ?

**19)** If  $a^{2x} = \sqrt{2} - 1$ , then the value of  $\frac{a^{3x} + a^{-3x}}{a^x + a^{-x}}$  is:

**19**)\_\_\_\_\_ A

- (a)  $2\sqrt{2} 1$  (b)  $2 2\sqrt{2}$  (c)  $2\sqrt{2} + 1$  (d)  $\sqrt{2} + 1$

- **20)** If x and y satisfy  $\begin{cases} x y \ge 0 \\ x + y \le 1 \end{cases}$  then what is the smallest value  $y \ge -1$ attained by 2x + y?

Luzerne County Council of Teachers of Mathematics Wilkes University - 2010 Junior Examination (Section II)

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ Address: \_\_\_\_\_\_ SCHOOL: City/ZIP:

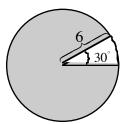
Telephone:

**Directions:** For each problem, write your answer in the space provided. Do not use approximations. Simplify all fractions and radicals. Your answer must be complete to receive credit for a problem.

- 1) What is the midpoint of the line segment with endpoints (-6, 0)and (4, 3)?
- 2) What is the probability of flipping a fair coin 3 times and obtaining exactly 2 tails and 1 head?
- 3) If  $\log_2 3 = a$  and  $\log_2 5 = b$ , then  $\log_2 \frac{9}{5}$  can be expressed as
- (a)  $a^2 b$  (b)  $\frac{2a}{b}$  (c)  $\frac{a^2}{b}$  (d) 2a b

- 4) Given a function  $f(x) = ax^4 bx^2$ , if f(-1) = 1, then what is f(1)?
- 5) Find all real numbers x such that  $\frac{4}{x+2} > \frac{3}{x-1}$ . Express your answer using interval notation.

6) Find the area of the **shaded** region.



7) Find all real solutions to the following system:

$$(4,\frac{1}{2})$$

$$\ln xy - 2\ln y = \ln 8$$

$$\ln \frac{x}{y} + 2\ln y = \ln 2$$

8) Find all real solutions to  $x^3 + 4x^2 - 8x - 32 = 0$ .

- **9)** If  $(x + 2)(x + k)^2 = x^3 + 16x^2 + 77x + 98$ , then k equals ?
- **9**) k = 7

**10)** What is the domain of  $y = \frac{\sqrt{x^2 + 2x - 8}}{x^2 - x - 12}$ ?

10)  $(-\infty, -4] \cup [2, 4) \cup [4, \infty)$ 

(OVER)

11) Find all real solutions of $\sin^2 x + \frac{\sin^2 x}{2}$	$\frac{\ln x}{2}$ –	$\frac{1}{2} = 0 \text{ on }$	$[0, 2\pi]$ .
--	---------------------	-------------------------------	---------------

11)\_\_\_  $\frac{\pi}{6}$ ,  $\frac{5\pi}{6}$ ,  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$ 

12) What is the coefficient of  $x^3$  in the expression  $(x^2 + 1)(x - 2)^7$ ?

1008 **12**)

13) If a sequence  $\left\{a_n\right\}_{n \geq 1}$  with  $a_1 = 1$  has a partial sum  $s_n$ , and a point  $(a_n, a_{n+1})$  is on the line x - y + 1 = 0, then  $\frac{1}{s_1} + \frac{1}{s_2} + \ldots + \frac{1}{s}$  is equal to:

13)\_\_\_\_\_ *C* 

$$\mathbf{(a)} \ \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

**(b)** 
$$\frac{2}{n(n+1)}$$

(a) 
$$\frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$
 (b)  $\frac{2}{n(n+1)}$  (c)  $\frac{2n}{n+1}$  (d)  $\frac{n}{2(n+1)}$ 

**14)** Find all real values x such that  $2^{\log_4 x} = 64$ .

4096 **14**)

**15**) Given  $f(n) = \begin{cases} 1, & n = 0 \\ n \cdot f(n-1), & n \text{ a positive integer} \end{cases}$ , then f(6) = ?

**15**) 6! or 720

**16)** If x, y > 0 and  $\ln 2^x + \ln 8^y = \ln 2$ , then the smallest value attained by  $\frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{3v}$  is

16)\_

(a) 2

**(b)**  $2\sqrt{2}$  **(c)** 4 **(d)**  $\sqrt{3}$ 

**17**) Define  $P = \{x \mid x^2 - 4x - 5 < 0\}$  and  $Q = \{x \mid |x| - a \ge 0\}$ . **17**)\_\_\_\_\_ If  $P \cap Q = \emptyset$ , then *a* satisfies

(a) a > 2 (b)  $a \ge 5$  (c) -1 < a < 5

(**d**) a > 1

**18)** If  $|x| \le \frac{\pi}{4}$ , then what is the minimum value of  $f(x) = \cos^2 x + \sin x ?$ 

18) 2

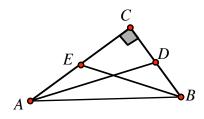
**19)** If a straight line x + y = 1 does **not** intersect the circle  $x^2 + y^2 - 2ay = 0$ , where a > 0, then a is a member of which of the following intervals?

**19**)

(a)  $(0, \sqrt{2} - 1)$  (b)  $(\sqrt{2} - 1, \sqrt{2} + 1)$ (c)  $(-\sqrt{2} - 1, \sqrt{2} - 1)$  (d)  $(0, \sqrt{2} + 1)$ 

**20**) In triangle ABC given below,  $\angle ACB = 90^{\circ}$ , D and E are midpoints of  $\overline{BC}$  and  $\overline{AC}$  respectively. If  $\overline{BE} = 4$  and  $\overline{AD} = 7$ , then what is  $\overline{AB}$ ?

 $2\sqrt{13}$ **20**)



Luzerne County Council of Teachers of Mathematics
Wilkes University - 2010 Senior Examination
(Section I)

NA	ME:		`	Address:	
					Do not use approximations. ve credit for a problem.
1)	-		in slope-intercep 3 and passes thro		$y = -\frac{3}{2}x + \frac{11}{2}$
2)	$ 3 - \pi  =$ (a) $3 - \pi$	<b>(b)</b> $\pi - 3$	(c) $-3 - \pi$	<b>(d)</b> $3 + \pi$	<b>2</b> )
3)		circle must be inc	creased by a facto	_	3)
	(a) 2	<b>(b)</b> $\frac{1}{2}$	(c) $\sqrt{2}$	(d) $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$	
4)	, ,	, =	he Cartesian plan $(b,a)$ is 5 un	e such that $a \neq b$ . its, then what	4)
5)			at the slope of the $(-2, 3)$	, ,	<b>5</b> )
6)			is perpendicular hat is the value of		<b>6</b> ) <i>a</i> = -3
7)	If a set $A = \begin{cases} x \\ x \end{cases}$ what is the range		2 = 0 has at mo	est one element, then	7) $a \ge \frac{9}{8} \text{ or } a = 0$
8)	Find all real sol	utions to $e^{\log_8 x}$ =	= 50 .		8) $e^{(\ln 50)(\ln 8)}$ or $50^{\ln 8}$ or $8^{\ln 50}$
9)	If $9a^2 + ka +$	$\frac{1}{9}$ is a complete	square, then $k$ e	quals :	9) <i>C</i>
	(a) 2	<b>(b)</b> -2	$(\mathbf{c}) \pm 2$	$(\mathbf{d})  \pm  1$	
10)	What is the rem by $x + 5$ ?	nainder when $x^4$	$+20x^3 - x + 5$	is divided	<b>10</b> )

(OVER)

- 11) In the expression  $\left(\frac{1}{x} + x^2\right)^6$ , what is the coefficient of  $x^3$ ?
- 11)\_\_\_\_\_
- 12) Given a function  $f(x) = x^3 + \sin x + 1$ ,  $x \in \mathbb{R}$ . If f(a) = 2, then what is f(-a)?
- 12)\_\_\_\_\_*B*

- **(a)** 3
- **(b)** 0
- **(c)** -1

- **(d)** -2
- **13**) If  $f(\log_2 x) = 2^x$ , then f(3) equals
  - **(a)** 128
- **(b)** 256
- **(c)** 512
- (**d**) 8

- 13)\_\_\_\_\_B
- **14)** Define a function  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x + 2, & x \le -1 \\ x^2, & 1 < x < 2 \end{cases}$ . If f(x) = 3, then what is the value of x?

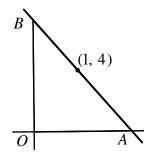
- **15**) Find all real solutions to  $\cos(\arcsin x) = x + 1$ .
- **16)** If  $(x^2 + y^2)(x^2 + y^2 2) + 1 = 0$ , then what is the value of  $x^2 + y^2$ ?
- **16**) 1
- **17)** What is the greatest common divisor of 2016 and 384?
- **17**) 96

18) If  $a = \sqrt{2} - 2$ , what is the value of  $\frac{4}{a^2 - 4} + \frac{2}{a + 2} - \frac{1}{a - 2}$ ?

18)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ 

19) What is the minimum value attained by  $f(x) = \log_2 \left( x + \frac{1}{x - 1} + 5 \right) ?$ 

- 19) discarded! See if you can find out why
- **20**) The straight line y = kx + b passes through a point (1, 4), intersects the x-axis at A, and the y-axis at B, as shown in the figure below. O is the origin. If  $\triangle AOB$  has minimal area, then
- **20**) A



- (a) k = -4, b = 8
- **(b)** k = -4, b = 4
- (c) k = -2, b = 4
- (d) k = -2, b = 2

Luzerne County Council of Teachers of Mathematics Wilkes University - 2010 Senior Examination (Section II)

NAME:	Address:				
SCHOOL:	City/ZIP:				
	Telephone:				
<b>Directions:</b> For each problem, write your answer in the space provided. Do not use approximations. Simplify all fractions and radicals. Your answer must be complete to receive credit for a problem.					
1) If $ab = 2$ and $c = 18a$ , then what is $bc$ ?		1)	36		
2) If the sum of 2 consecutive integers is 113, what is the two integers?	ne larger of the	2)	57		
3) If the area of an equilateral triangle is $16\sqrt{3}$ square what is the length of a side of the triangle?	units, then	3)	8		
<b>4)</b> If a substance loses half of its mass every 4 years, ho 100g sample of the substance will be left after 28 years.		4)	0.78125 g		
5) If $f(x) = \begin{cases} e^x, & x \le 0 \\ \ln x, & x > 0 \end{cases}$ , what is $f\left(f\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)\right)$ ?		5)	1/2		
<b>6)</b> Express 0.123 as a common fraction in lowest terms	i.	6)	41 333		
7) Write $\frac{2-4i}{3+7i}$ in the form $a+bi$ .		7)	$-\frac{11}{29} - \frac{13}{29}i$		
<ul> <li>8) If y = kx and k ≠ 0, then</li> <li>(a) y is directly proportional to x.</li> <li>(b) y is inversely proportional to x</li> <li>(c) there is not enough information provided to determ y is directly or inversely proportional to x.</li> </ul>	ermine if	8)	A		

**9**) During a sale, a store reduces the price of an item by 20%. By what percentage must the sale price be increased in order to obtain the original price of the item?

9)\_\_\_\_\_

**10)** Which of the following functions is equivalent to y = x?

10)\_\_\_\_\_

$$\mathbf{(a)} \quad \mathbf{y} = \left(\sqrt{x}\right)^2$$

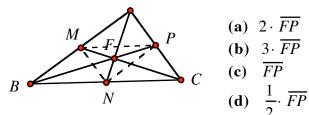
**(b)** 
$$y = \sqrt[3]{x^3}$$

(c) 
$$y = \sqrt{x^2}$$

$$(\mathbf{d}) \quad y = \frac{x^2}{x}$$

11) Find the domain of  $f(x) = \frac{3x}{\sqrt{1-x}} + \ln(3x+1)$ .

- 12) How many subsets are there for the set  $A = \{1, 3, 4, 5\}$ ?
- 16 12)
- **13)** If  $f(x) = (m-1)x^2 + (m-2)x + m^2 7m + 12$  is even, then the value of m is **(b)** 2 **(c)** 3 (d) 4 **(a)** 1
- В 13)
- **14)** If the real solutions for x in the equation  $\frac{m}{x+2} = 1$  are negative, then what is the range of m?
- **14**) m < 2 and  $m \neq 0$
- **15**) If M, N, and P are midpoints of  $\triangle ABC$ ,  $\overline{BF}$  equals:
- 15)\_\_



- **16)** Find all real x such that  $\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{x^2-8} > 3^{-2x}$ .

- **17**) Five different letters are chosen from E Q U A T I O N and are arranged in a sequence. How many arrangements can be made with Q and U next to each other?
- **17**)

**18**) If  $\tan \theta = \sqrt{2}$ , then what is the value of  $\sin^2 \theta - \sin \theta \cos \theta + 2\cos^2 \theta$ ?

- **18**)
- 19) If  $\sin\left(x + \frac{\pi}{4}\right) = -\frac{5}{13}$ , then the value of  $\sin 2x$  is equal to :
- **19**)

- (a)
- **(b)**
- (c)  $\frac{-120}{169}$
- (d)  $\frac{-119}{169}$
- **20)** If a + b = 2 where a and b are real, what is the smallest value attained by  $3^a + 3^b$ ?
- 20)