# LUZERNE COUNTY MATHEMATICS CONTEST 

Luzerne County Council of Teachers of Mathematics
Wilkes University - 2003 Junior Examination
(Section I)
NAME: $\qquad$ Address: $\qquad$
SCHOOL: $\qquad$ City/ZIP: $\qquad$
Telephone: $\qquad$
Directions: For each problem, write your answer in the space provided. Do not use approximations. Simplify all fractions and radicals. Your answer must be complete to receive credit for a problem.

1) Find the equation of the line perpendicular to the line
$y-2 x=3 x+15$ that passes through the point $(1,4)$.
Express your answer in slope-intercept form.
2) Suppose $f(x)=x^{2}+k x+3$. Find a value for $k$ such that $f(2)=f(5)$.
3) For which value(s) of $x$ does the graph of $f(x)=\frac{x^{2}+12 x+35}{(x+2)(x+5)}$ have a vertical asymptote?
4) Find the rectangular coordinates of the point whose polar coordinates are given as $\left(7,-\frac{2 \pi}{3}\right)$.
5) Find the sum of the following: $5+\frac{5}{4}+\frac{5}{16}+\frac{5}{64}+\frac{5}{256}+\ldots$
6) 
7) 
8) $\qquad$
9) $k=$
10) $\qquad$
$\qquad$
11) Find all real values of $x$ satisfying $|x+7| \geq 3$.
12) $\qquad$
13) $\qquad$
14) What is the probability of getting a sum of 6 or 8 when throwing 3 fair six-sided dice?
15) Find the value of $\sin \left(8 \arccos \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)$.
16) $\qquad$
17) $\qquad$
18) Suppose $f(x)=2 x^{2}+3$. Write $\frac{f(x+h)-f(x)}{h}$, in the form $a x+b h$, where $h \neq 0$.
19) Factor completely: $p(x)=x^{4}-4 x^{3}+6 x^{2}-4 x+1$.
20) $\qquad$
21) Find the area of the shaded region in the figure below.

22) Find real numbers $A$ and $B$ such that

$$
\frac{\sqrt{-6} \sqrt{-144}}{\sqrt{54}}=A+B i
$$

13) An urn contains 8 identical orange balls and 12 identical green balls. Three balls are drawn at random from the urn. What is the probability that at least 1 ball is not orange?
14) Find the maximum value of the function $f(x)=-x^{6}+5 x^{3}-3$.
15) 
16) $\qquad$
17) Find the length of $\overline{A B}$ in the triangle below.
18) $\qquad$

19) Express the constant $\log _{2}(e) \ln (4)$ without logarithms.
20) Find the vertex of the parabola

$$
\sqrt{(3 x+3)^{2}+y^{2}}=\sqrt{x^{2}+(y+3)^{2}}
$$

18) Find the coefficient of $x^{56} y^{2}$ in the expansion of $\left(x^{2}-2 y\right)^{30}$.
19) $\qquad$
20) Suppose $f(x)=3 x^{5}-30 x^{4}+47 x^{3}+8 x^{2}+x+70$. Find $f(8)$.
21) $\qquad$
22) Assume $f(x)=\frac{(x-A)}{(B x-C)}$. For what values of the constants $A, B$
23) $\qquad$ and $C$ does $f(f(x))=x$ ?
i) $A=2, B=-3, C=-1$
iv) ii) and $i i i$ )
ii) $A=-4, B=1, C=1$
v) $i$ ) and $i i$ )
iii) $A=0, B=0, C=-1$

# LUZERNE COUNTY MATHEMATICS CONTEST 

# Luzerne County Council of Teachers of Mathematics <br> Wilkes University - 2003 Junior Examination 

(Section II)

NAME: $\qquad$
SCHOOL: $\qquad$

Address: $\qquad$
City/ZIP: $\qquad$
Telephone: $\qquad$

Directions: For each problem, write your answer in the space provided. Do not use approximations. Simplify all fractions and radicals. Your answer must be complete to receive credit for a problem.

1) For what value of $k$ is the line $5 x-k y=7$ perpendicular to the line $3 x+8 y=4$ ?
2) What is the largest prime number smaller than 100 ?
3) Suppose $f(x)=3 x(2-x)$. Find all real values $x$ such that $f(x)=x$.
4) How many distinct diagonals does a pentagon have?
5) The mean of eighteen numbers is 14 . If three numbers are removed, the new mean is 17 . What is the cube of the sum of the numbers that were removed?
6) The diameter of a circle is 24 cm . By what amount must the radius be decreased in order to decrease the area by $80 \pi \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$ ?
7) Compute the length of the circular arc below: (in radians)

8) Assume we are provided with the following information of a pool of 1000 individuals -
i) 600 are employed
ii) 800 are high-school graduates
iii) 500 are high-school graduates and are employed

What is the probability a person chosen from this pool is employed and not a high-school graduate?
9) Suppose there is a lottery in which 1 in 3 tickets wins a prize.

If 3 tickets are purchased, what is the probability of winning a prize?
10) Find the equation of the line, in slope-intercept form, that passes through the points $(3,6)$ and $(8,-4)$.

1) $\qquad$
2) 
3) $\qquad$
4) $\qquad$
5) $\qquad$
6) $\qquad$
7) $\qquad$
8) $\qquad$
9) $\qquad$
10) $\qquad$
(OVER)
11) Suppose that a cube has edges of length $s$ units. If each edge is increased by 2 units, express the increase in the cube's surface area in terms of $s$.
12) Find all $x$ such that: $\quad 4^{x^{2}}=2^{8 x-6}$
13) Find the domain of the function $f(x)=\frac{\sqrt{5 x-2}}{\sqrt{4 x}-3}$.
14) Factor $4 x^{4}-28 x^{2}+24 x$ into irreducible factors.
15) Find all $(x, y)$ satisfying the following system of equations.

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 4^{x}+4^{y}=80 \\
& 2^{x}+2^{y}=12
\end{aligned}
$$

16) Find real numbers $A$ and $B$ such that

$$
\left(\frac{1}{2}+\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} i\right)^{72}=A+B i
$$

17) Find all real numbers $\theta, 0 \leq \theta \leq \frac{\pi}{2}$, which satisfy the equation $\frac{\sin 2 \theta}{\sec 2 \theta}=\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}$.
18) Express $\frac{(50!)^{51}}{(51!)^{50}} \cdot \frac{51^{48}}{48!}$ as a fraction in lowest terms.
19) If $f(2)=I$, and, $f(3)=J, f(5)=K$, where $I$, $J$, and $K$ are positive integers. Suppose $f(a b)=f(a) f(b)$ for all positive integers $a$ and $b$. Find $f\left(360^{n}\right)$, where $n$ is a positive integer, in terms of $n, I, J$, and $K$ respectively.
20) Find the area of the shaded region between the two concentric circles as shown in the figure below.

21) $\qquad$
22) $\qquad$
23) $\qquad$
24) 
25) $\qquad$
26) $A=$
$B=$
27) $\qquad$
28) $\qquad$
29) $\qquad$
30) $\qquad$
